The Balance,

No. 2. BY CROSWELL & FRARY. Vol. VII.

Hudson,

TUESDAY, JANUARY 12, 1808.

EDITOR's CLOSET.

"Be just, and fear not."

The next President.

That the two brothers, Dewitt Clinton and Ambrose Spencer, should be disposed to make the most of their old uncle George Clinton, before he leaves this, for "another and a better world," is not, perhaps, surprising. But that they should bring him forward, in the decrepitude of old age, and bending under the infirmities of four score years, as a candidate for the presidency, is really astonishing. There is a species of impudence in the measure, bordering on audacity—a shameless disregard even of appearances, which could not have been expected from *prudent* politicians.—Have these liege brothers so long deceived and led the people, as to give them confidence in the execution of any ambitious scheme they may think proper to devise? Let them not, in turn, deceive themselves. The people understand them perfectly well. They have marked the strides of ambition. They know that Spencer and Clinton are not satisfied with their judgeships, their mayorships, their senatorships, and the Lord knows what. They are fully sensible that these aspiring men will never be contented until the offices, and honors, and emoluments of the general government are at their disposal. It is true, a son-in-law of the old governor, has been dignified with the office and title of district judge; but the departments are not yet filled by branches and dependents of the Clintonian family; nor are they yet entrusted with any foreign embassies.—For these posts of power and influence, this overgrown family hungers and thirsts. To obtain them, no arts will be left untried—no means (except *honorable* ones) will be left unemployed.

Watch the Government!

We had neither room nor time last week to make any comments on the extraordinary occurrence relating to the secret proceedings of Congress, an account of which was copied from the Evening Post.—Perhaps comments were unnecessary. The facts were too glaring to escape the attention of the most careless reader. They were too important to be passed over even by those who have hitherto viewed with indifference our political affairs.—After the disclosure of such facts, no man who has his country's welfare at heart—no friend to freedom and independence, can remain indifferent.

Let us recapitulate these facts:—During the secret sitting, and while the act for laying an embargo was under consideration in the H. R. the following resolution was moved by Mr. Gardenier:—

"*Resolved, that the President of the United States be requested to lay before this house copies of all such communications, letters and papers, as may have been received from the American Minister at Paris, in relation to the Imperial Decree of the 21st of November, 1806, and particularly such communications or letters as he may have received from our said minister, at the time of receiving the papers which were laid before the house on Friday last.*"

No reasonable man will pretend that there was any thing improper in this resolution. The representatives of the people wanted information on our foreign affairs, before they could conscientiously support a measure so ruinous as the embargo—but THIS INFORMATION WAS DENIED THEM! The motion was negatived!

Afterwards, however, when the injunction of secrecy was taken off, the administration party began to tremble for their popularity. They knew they had acted more like tyrants than the representatives of a free people, in rejecting the information called for. They had been unfaithful to their constituents. They were afraid to let the real facts meet the indignant eye of the people.—On publishing the secret journal, therefore, the foregoing resolution and the proceedings thereon, were WHOLLY SUPPRESSED.

What stronger proof can the people want of———————?

The importance of the following article will be a sufficient apology for occupying a large portion of this paper with it:—

From the Evening Post.

HIGHLY INTERESTING.

From our Correspondent at Washington, received by yesterday's mail, dated House of Representatives, Dec. 31, 1807.

DEAR SIR,

The house this morning were interrupted, while on the Bill amending the Embargo Law, by Mr. Randolph's rising in his place, and desiring that the business, then under consideration, might lie on the table. *Crowninshield* said something against it; but the house agreed almost unanimously to the motion. Then

Mr. Randolph said that it was an act which he owed to himself, to the independent freeholders who had honored him with a seat in that house, and to the country at large, to lay before them the information he was about to communicate. That it was but a few days since, that information had been in his possession in such a shape as to be entitled to the notice of the house. Had it been earlier in his possession, he would certainly not have delayed giving it the publicity, which was due to it. He would merely state *facts* without going into any argument, and then submit a resolution to the house.

He then read a translation of a letter from Baron De Carondelet, to Don ——— Portell, and other papers, among the rest a letter from General Wilkinson, to Don Manuel Gayosa De Lemos, to prove that the General was in the year 1796, and after the cession of Louisiana, a Pensioner of the King of Spain, which papers, if what they contain, be true, certainly implicate General Wilkinson very decidedly. The following are the documents.

TRANSLATION.

"In the galley the Victoria, Bernardo Molina, Patron, there have been sent to Don Vincent Folch, nine thousand six hundred and forty dollars, which sum without making the least use of it, you will hold at my disposal to deliver it at the moment that an order may be presented to you by the American general, Don James Wilkinson. God preserve you many years.

New-Orleans, 20th Jan. 1796.

The BARON DE CARONDOLET.

To Senor Don Thomas Portell.

"I certify that the foregoing is a copy of its original to which I refer

(Signed) THOMAS PORTELL.

New-Madrid, 27th June, 1796."

"*Fort Washington, Sept.* 22, 1796.

"Ill health and many pressing engagements must be my apology for a short letter. I must refer you to my letter to the baron for several particulars and for a detail of my perils and abuses. I must beg leave to refer you to our friend Power whom I find of youthful enterprize and fidelity; he certainly deserves well of the court and I don't doubt that he will be rewarded.

"What a political crisis is the present, & how deeply interesting in its probable results, in all its tendencies, and thereby must hope it may not be carried into execution. If it is, an entire reform in the police and the military establishments of Louisiana will be found immediately indispensable to the security of the Mexican provinces. I beg you to write me fully on this question by Power, whose presence in Philadelphia is necessary, as well to clear his own character, attacked by Wayne, as to support the fact of the outrage recently offered to the Spanish crown in his person, and to bring me either the person or the deposition of a man, now under your command, who had been suborned by Wayne to bear false witness against me, and afwards, for fear he should recant, bribed him to leave Kentucky. Power will give you the perfect of this infamous transaction and I conjure you by all the ties of friendship and of policy to assist him on this occasion.

'If Spain does not resent the outrage offered to Power in the face of all Kentucky.* My letter to the Baron will explain the motives, which carry me to Philadelphia, from thence I will write again to you. Power will explain to you circumstances which justify the belief of the *great treachery that has been practised with respect to the money lately sent me.* For the love of God and friendship enjoin great secrecy and caution in all our concerns. *Never suffer my name to be written or spoken. The* SUSPICION OF WASHINGTON IS WIDE AWAKE.

* This sentence is incomplete in the National Intelligencer.

Beware of Bradford, the Fort Pitt refugee, he seeks to make peace—there are spies every where. We have a report here that you are appointed governor of Louisiana. God grant it, as I presume the Baron will be promoted. I am your affectionate friend. W.

The above is the copy of a letter in cypher received from gen. Wilkinson. Natchez, 6th of February, 180⅞.

(Signed) *Manuel Gayoso de Lemos.*"

In a separate paper he says what follows:

"This will be delivered to you by Noland whom you know is a child of my own rising, true to his profession and firm in his attachments to Spain. I consider him a powerful instrument in our hands, should occasion offer. I will answer for his conduct. I am deeply interested in whatsoever concerns him and I confidently recommend him to your warmest protection. I am evidently your affectionate WILKINSON."

A copy.

(Signed) *Manuel Gayoso de Lemos*"

N. B. Don Gayoso was then governor of Natchez and the same year was made governor of Louisiana.

Mr. Randolph stated the following to be an extract of a letter signed T. Power, whose hand writing he understood could be indentified;

On the 27th of the same month [October last] appeared in the Richmond Enquirer a certificate given by myself to gen. Wilkinson in New-Orleans on the 16th of May preceding. Immediately on my getting sight of this piece, it was the same or the next day, I addressed a note to his excellency gen. Wilkinson [No. 3.] Of this I did not keep a copy and therefore dare not vouch that it is an exact literal transcript of the original. But I will be bold to say that it is nearly (or to make use of the General's own language) *substantially* the same.

Between my repeated declarations to many of my friends and acquaintances (I must say it with a blush) and this certificate there is a manifest contradiction. And between this same certificate and the deductions to be drawn from my declaration before the Richmond court, there is an apparent inconsistency which it is now my task to clear up and reconcile.

During gen. Wilkinson's residence in New-Orleans last winter, I used occasionally to visit him ——— a few days before he left Orleans I waited upon him one morning, and after some conversation on certain transactions that had taken place at a former period in the western country, and on the delicate situation in which his conduct during the winter was likely to place him, he asked me if *I* had any objection to give him a certificate that might help him to silence that foul mouthed Bradford, and refute the assertions of the editor of the Western World? I replied without hesitation that I had none, and would give him one with pleasure, provided he promised me it should not be published. On this he assured me that the only use he proposed to make of it, was to lay it before the President, with the view to prove the falsehood of the charges circulated against him, vindicate his character and secure the confidence of the executive. This if not exactly, is *substantially* what the general said. He then desired me to sit down and write the certificate. I observed that I might not make it out entirely to his satisfaction; and that as he best knew the points he wished should be embraced in it he had better make it out himself, and I would copy it. To this he agreed. Next morning I waited on his excellency, and he presented me the certificate, which I copied, as it has been published with a few alterations. One, a very material one, is that after these words, "*do most solemnly declare that I have, at no time carried or delivered to gen James Wilkinson.*" I erased the words "*either directly or indirectly;*" and declared to the general that *I could not* insert those words. He did not insist and contented himself with saying that he wished me to insert them if my conscience would allow it, but not otherwise. This is ingenuously, exactly what passed between the general and myself at that time.

Now let me with the same frankness and ingenuousness, without referring to any preceding or subsequent event, narrate the transaction of 1796 alluded to in my certificate, and concerning which I offered to give testimony in the Federal circuit court in Richmond. It is the same that is the subject of the affidavits of Messrs Derbigny and Mercier. That of the former gentleman is correct as to substance, for I actually did receive from capt. Dn. Thomas Portell, commandant of New-Madrid, the sum of $9640 for general Wilkinson, towards the latter end of June or beginning of July, 1796, which was packed up in the manner described by Mr. Derbigny, and when I was stopped and my boat searched under the orders of Gen. Anthony Wayne, I had other sums on board, but this was the only one I had received for general Wilkinson. On my arrival at Louisville determined not to expose myself a second time to military insult and fearful of being overtaken by Steele on his return, and of being again overhauled. I landed my cargo, purchased a horse, and proceeded by land to Cincinnati. As I passed through Lexington, I published in Stewart's Kentucky Herald my affidavit concerning this outrage, supported by those of the spectators of the transaction, Welsh, White and Sansom; preceded by a few strictures on this military piracy, signed Impartial. And I now take this opportunity of clearing gen. Wilkinson of the charge of being the author of it, as is asserted by Bradford of New-Orleans, and declare it was written by myself, and that, excepting Captain Campbell Smith, no person ever saw it before it was put in the hands of the printer.

At Cincinnati I acquainted gen. W. with the circumstances that had occurred, and he gave me orders to deliver the money to Mr. Philip Nolan. These orders I punctually executed. Mr. Nolan conveyed the barrels of sugar and coffee, that contained the dollars to Frankfort, in a waggon I there saw them opened in Mr. Montgomery Brown's store. The sugar and coffee, I afterwards sold to Mr. Abijah Hunt of Cincinnati.

I shall take no notice of Mr. M'Donough's affidavit. It does not refer to any thing alluded to in my certificate. That part of mine that has reference to my mission to Kentucky and Detroit in 1797, I shall also pass over in silence as it has no connexion with the present subject.

I will now endeavor in a few words to reconcile what may appear contradictory and inconsistent in my certificate, and the declaration I have just laid before you.

Was I base, and dishonorable enough, to descend to tergiversation, captious logic, and sophistical evasion, I could maintain that this contradiction does not exist, and that I never did carry or deliver to gen. Wilkinson any cash, bills, or property of any species. It is true, I delivered a certain sum of money by his order to Mr. Nolan; but Philip Nolan is not James Wilkinson; *ergo*, I may with a safe conscience swear that I never delivered James Wilkinson any money, &c but I scorn to make use of such pitiful, contemptible and degrading mode of defence, and will allow for a moment, that I did deliver to gen. Wilkinson the monies in question. It is generally admitted that in politics morality is not to be measured by the same narrow scale as that which ought to regulate the moral conduct of men in their private concerns. The rigid stoick would on a long run make but a bungling politician; and the most austere moralist, if he has his country's interest at heart, and is acting in a public capacity, would not hesitate to do that which as a private man, and in private concerns he would shrink and recede from with horror and trembling precipitation.

Let us now for a while suppose that I was a secret agent of the Spanish government, and that Gen. Wilkinson was a pensioner of said government, or had received certain sums for co-operating with and promoting its views, and that those views and projects were inimical to that of the United States, should I be worthy of the trust reposed in me by my government, were I to refuse to give Gen. Wilkinson any document that might contribute to raise him in the good opinion of the administration of his country, blazon his integrity, and patriotism, and fortify him in their confidence, and by their means enlarge his power of injuring them and serving us? Surely not; or if I did, I should deserve to be hooted as an idiot."

Mr. Randolph said, that it would be a waste of time to comment on what he had just read: but he conceived it to be his duty, to state to the house, that he had good cause to believe that there was a member of the House, who had it in his power, if compelled by the authority of the house, to give much fuller, and if possible more damning evidence. (*A call, "name the member!"*) He then stated that it was the gentleman from New-Orleans, *Mr. Clark.* (*This is the same gentleman who was lately honored at Philadelphia, with a public dinner for his humanity in putting his own ship, cargo and life in danger, for the purpose of saving a number of unfortunate beings who had been shipwrecked.*) If the United States, (he said) stand in the circumstances and situation in which they have been described, in what position is the military force of the government of the United States! He had understood an enquiry would be courted by Gen. Wilkinson. But it had not yet been instituted. He concluded with moving

"That the President of the United States be requested to cause an enquiry to be made into the conduct of Brigadier-General James Wilkinson, Commander of the army of the United States, in relation to his having at any time, whilst in the service of the United States, corruptly received money from the government, or agents of Spain."

Mr. Clark (N. O.) said he rose with much perturbation at being so unexpectedly called upon by the gentleman from Virginia. It had been long supposed from the circumstance of his residence at New-Orleans, and his acquaintance with the Spanish officers, that he must be possessed of much knowledge concerning Gen. Wilkinson. He would inform the house, that he had attempted to communicate his knowledge to the Administration, but that a deaf ear had always been turned to him when he endeavored to bring up the subject. He had done the same thing in Louisiana, to the officers of the government there. Finding himself at no time attended to, he had been silent on the subject and had refused to gratify the curiosity which had led many to make enquiries of him. He concluded with saying, that under these circumstances, he should not disclose any knowledge he was possessed of unless upon compulsion.

Mr. Randolph moved that Mr. Clark might disclose what he knew.

Mr. Tayler moved that the Resolution might be referred to a committee of the whole to be made the order of the day for Tuesday; after some debate this was withdrawn—Then

Mr. Gardenier moved that it be referred to a select committee *with power to send for papers and persons.*

Mr. Marion moved to strike out the words in Italics. Hereupon much debate ensued; in the course of which some wished to postpone, some to lay on the table, some to vote the Resolution at once. Much was said to shew that the house had no power to interfere in the case at all. At last,

Mr. Tayler said, the gentleman from New-Orleans having stated that the President had turned a deaf ear to the attempt to give true information, it would result that by passing the Resolution, the President would be censured! He should therefore vote against it.

Balance Advertiser.

No. 2. HUDSON, (New-York) TUESDAY, *January* 12, 1808.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

For a square, First insertion, 50 cents; five succeeding insertions, 25 cents each; every other insertion 20 cents each.

Half a square. First insertion 25 cents; every other insertion 12 1-2 cents each.

Advance pay for advertising will always be exacted from strangers, or persons living at a distance from Hudson.

New Advertisements.

Croswell & Frary,

Have for sale, at their Book-Store, sign of the Bible, No. 221, Warren-street,

a general assortment of

SCHOOL-BOOKS,

among which are

BIBLES, Testaments, Beauties of the Bible, Bible Stories, Scou's Lessons, Columbian Orator, American Preceptor, Pike's Arithmetic, Fisher's ditto, Federal Calculator, Webster's Spelling-Book, Alexander's ditto, Rhoads' New Instructor, Morse's Geography, Dwight's do. Smith's do Murray's Grammar, Alexander's do. Murray's Reader, Sequel, Introduction, Exercises, & Key, Monitor, Perry's, Walker's, Entick's, Webster's, Alexander's, & Johnson's Dictionaries. Most of the Latin and Greek Classics used in schools, such as Ainsworth's and Young's Dictionaries, Davidson's and Alexander's Virgil, Duncan's Cicero, Cicero Delphini, Cicero de Oratore, Ovid's Metamrphosen, Cæsar, Sallust, Mairs' do. do. Introduction, Cornelius Nepos, together with Grammars and smaller books necessary. Greek Lexicon, Grammars and Testaments, Murphy's Lucian, &c. &c.

A general assortment of Professional and Miscellaneous Works, the greater part of the new publications, making in the whole a very general stock.

Also, a complete assortment of Stationary articles, making a list too numerous to enumerate.

Gamut or Scale of Music.

Just Published, and for sale at

Norman's Book-Store,

No. 2, Warren-Street, near the Brick Market,

Travels, in the years 1806, from Italy to England, through Tsiol, Styria, Bohemia, Gallicia, Poland, and Livonia; containing the particulars of the liberation of Mrs. Spener Smith from the hands of the French Police, and of her subsequent flight through the countries above mentioned. By the Marquis de Salvo.

The Discarded Son, or the Haunts of the Banditti, a Tale, in 2 vols. by M. Regenia Maria Roche, author of the Children of the Abbey.

The Life of General Washington, in 1 vol. octavo, price 20s in boards and 3 dollars bound. By Dr. Ramsay.

The Belgian Traveller, or a View of the Empire of Bonaparte and his Confederate Princes.

Benjamin & Raynard's Architecture or American Builder's Companion.

Pain's House Carpenter.

Riddle's Young Carpenter's Assistant.

Langley's Builder's Jewel.

Gibson's, Flint's and Love's Surveying.

A handsome collection of books in History, Divinity, Law and Physic, Voyages, Travels, Novels, Plays, with an assortment of all the School Books in general use, by the dozen or single, as cheap as at any store in the state.

Ledgers, Journals, Day-Books.

Writing Paper of the first quality.

Hotpressed and common Letter Paper.

Drawing Paper. Reeve's Water Colours.

Playing Cards by the dozen or single pack, &c. &c.

Travelling and other *Trunks*,

always on hand, made of the best materials, in a strong and handsome manner.

Hudson, January 12, 1808. 2

Wholesale and Retail Store.

Lloyd & Ingland,

No. , Warren-Street,

Have for sale a large assortment of

DRY GOODS,

and

Rum, Gin, Brandy, Sugar, and Molasses,

by the Hhd. Bbl. or less.

Iron and Steel, by the ton, Cwt. or less.

ALSO, 20 dozen of fashionable fine

Split-Straw Bonnets,

by the dozen or retail, which will be sold cheap for cash or approved notes.

Hudson, January 1, 1808. 2

Notice is hereby given,

That application will be made to the legislature of the state of New-York, at the next session, to alter the route of the Hillsdale and Chatham Turnpike, between the houses of Judah Thompson and James Southerland, by the President and Directors of said Turnpike.

Hillsdale, January 10, 1808. 2 6w

Law of the Corporation.

AN ORDINANCE

TO PREVENT FORESTALLING.

BE it ordained by the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of Hudson, in Common Council convened, and it is hereby ordained by the authority of the same, That no person residing within the corporation of this city shall purchase any Turkies, Geese, Fowls, Ducks, or any kind of Poultry, in order to sell the same again.

And be it further ordained by the authority aforesaid, That any person who shall sell, from his or her shop or store, or any other place within this Corporation, any of the above articles, having previously purchased the same in order to forestal or sell, and shall be convicted of the same, shall forfeit and pay the sum of FIVE DOLLARS for each and every offence, to be recovered by complaint before any Justice of the Peace in this City, with costs of suit; which sum so recovered shall be appropriated by the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen and Commonalty of this city, as they shall direct.

And be it further ordained by the authority aforesaid, That this Ordinance shall go into full force and effect from and after the publication thereof E. PRATT, *Clerk.*

Passed 11th December, 1807. 2w

Broke into the subscriber's enclosure, about the 20th of November last, a Black Horse, about 4 years old. The owner is desired to prove property, pay charges, and take him away.

Thomas Whitlock.

Hudson, Jan. 12, 1808. 2 4w

District of New-York, ss.

BE IT REMEMBERED, That on the Twenty-Fifth Day of November, in the Thirty-Third Year of the Independence of the United States of America, EZRA SAMPSON, of the said District, hath deposited in this Office, the Title of a Book, the Right whereof he claims as Author, in the words following, to wit:...

"The Youth's Companion, or an Historical Dictionary; consisting of articles selected chiefly from Natural and Civil History, Geography, Astronomy, Zoology, Botany and Mineralogy, arranged in alphabetical order. By EZRA SAMPSON, author of the selection, entitled "Beauties of the Bible."

In conformity to the Act of the Congress of the United States, entitled "An Act for the Encouragement of Learning, by securing the Copies of Maps, Charts, and Books, to the Authors and Proprietors of such Copies, during the Times therein mentioned," and also to an Act entitled "An Act supplementary to an Act for the Encouragement of Learning, by securing the Copies of Maps, Charts, and Books, to the Authors and Proprietors of such Copies, during the Times therein mentioned, and extending the Benefits thereof to the Arts of Designing, Engraving, and Etching Historical and other Prints."

2 4w EDWARD DUNSCOMB,
Clerk of the District of New York.

Ran away

From the subscriber, on the night of the 27th December, 1807 an indented apprentice boy to the hatting business, by the name of Alvah Dewey, about fifteen years of age. Whoever will return said boy shall be entitled to Six Cents reward and no charges paid. This is therefore to forbid all persons harboring or employing him at their peril. Given under my hand. JOHN TIBBITS.

Hillsdale, Jan. 4, 1808. 2 2w

Salt, Wine, Liver Oil, &c.

2000 bushels Cape de Verd Salt
800 do. Coarse Liverpool do.
20 qr. casks Teneriffe particular Wine
10 do. London particular Madeira of an excellent quality.
2 hhds 4th proof W. I. Rum, and
20 barrels Liver Oil, of a superior quality,

For sale at the New-York prices, by

Thomas Jenkins & Son,

At their store north of the Ferry Stairs.

Hudson, Dec. 15, 1807. 64

Choice Drugs & Medicines,

At the Sign of the Lion and Mortar.

SAMUEL WHITE,

Has just received an extensive supply of choice articles of

Medicine,

which he will sell as low as can be purchased of equal quality.

ALSO,

Fine Paints, Spices, Figs, Poland Starch, &c. &c

Hudson, December 18, 1807. 64

EDWARD BRUSH is appointed by the Common Council, Overseer of the Powder-House in this City.

Published by order of the Council,

E. Pratt, *Clerk.*

January 9, 1808. 2 3w

AN ORDINANCE,

For the regulation of the Powder House, and the safe keeping of Gun Powder within the compact part of the City of Hudson.

Passed the 9th day of January, 1808.

BE it ordained by the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of Hudson, in Common Council convened, That all gun-powder which now is, or hereafter may be brought into the compact part of this city, shall be deposited and kept in the powder house, (excepting the quantity of twenty-eight pounds, which may be kept by any one person at any one time, if secured from accident, in not less than two tin canisters) which powder in the said powder house shall be under the inspection and care of an overseer appointed by the common council, during their pleasure; and such overseer shall, before he enters upon the duties of his office, enter into a bond to the common council, with sufficient surety in the sum of two hundred and fifty dollars, conditioned for the faithful performance of his duty as overseer aforesaid.

And be it further ordained, That it shall be the duty of the said overseer to receive and deliver all gun-powder into and out of the said powder house which may be required of him at any time between the hours of 8 and 12 o'clock in the forenoon on Monday, Wednesday and Friday in every week, and that in all cases (unavoidable accidents excepted) he shall be deemed responsible for the powder committed to his care, and that all persons depositing any powder in the said powder house shall be deemed to have deposited the same, subject to the provisions of this or any future ordinance; and that as often as powder shall be received by him, he shall give a receipt for the same, and shall also once in every month cause all the gun-powder in the said powder house to be well shaken and turned. And for any neglect or refusal in receiving or delivering gun-powder as herein required, and for every offence in exacting more fees than allowed by law, he shall forfeit and pay two dollars and fifty cents: and that for the services performed by him, he shall and may demand and receive at and after the rates following:

For every barrel of gun-powder,	50 cents.
For every half barrel,	37 1 2
For every quarter barrel,	20

And be it further ordained, That in case any person shall keep any greater quantity of gun-powder than allowed by this ordinance, unless deposited in the said powder house, he shall for every twenty four hours it may be so unlawfully kept, forfeit and pay twenty-five dollars. And that the foregoing forfeitures shall be recovered before any justice of the peace within this city, with costs of suit, by the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen and Commonalty, for their use. And that this ordinance go into force and full effect from and after the 20th of this month.

By order of the Council,

E. Pratt, *Clerk.*

January 9, 1808. 2 3w

Proposals

Will be received, until the first day of February next, at the Clerk's Office in this city, for Renting the Ferry one year from the first day of March next. The Corporation will find a Scow put in good repair, and repair and keep in good order the Ferry Stairs. The person hiring the Ferry to find Boats, Oars, and all other necessary implements for keeping and attending the Ferry, according to the ordinance which now is, or may be passed for the better regulating and improving the same.

By order of the Council,

E. Pratt, *Clerk.*

Hudson, January 9, 1808. 2 3w

Samuel Wigton,

Has for Sale,

at his new Brick Store, in Front-Street, four doors south of the lower Market,

DRY GOODS, Groceries,
Hard & Crockery Wares,
&c. &c.

Among them are the following:

DRY GOODS, Viz.

BROADCLOTHS, all qualities and colors
Beaverteens
Cassimeres, plain and twilled
Buckskins
Horse Blankets
Flannels & printed Kerseymeres
Assortment of various kinds
Velverduroys, Thicksets
Vest-Patterns in variety
Jeans and Fustians
Jean Pantaloons, in variety
Flannels, Baizes, &c.
Men's Hose, all qualities
Checks and Stripes
Bed-Ticking, cotton and linen
Mitts, roram and felt
Shoestrings, various colors
Satins, Pelongs, Sarsnets
Printed Broadcloths for clothes
Chintzes & Calicoes
Muslins, all sorts and prices
Madrahs, Platillas,
Humhums
Book Muslins and Handkerchiefs
Brown, Laces, Edgings
Long Lawns, Cambrics
Linens, Camlets,
Fowling-Pieces, Cadbores, Calimancoes
Durants, Russels, Moreens
Shalloons, Rattinets
Handkerchiefs, of all kinds
Shawls, do. silk and cotton
Gloves, leather, black and colored
Mitts, and habit do.
English, plain, striped and pic-nic Gloves & Mitts
French silk and habit do.
Linen and cotton Stripes
Silk & cotton Gloves and Mitts, men's and women's
Silk and cotton Umbrellas
Woollen, worsted, silk and cotton Stockings, assorted colors, plain and with clocks
Cotton Yarn, Sewing Silk
Threads, Tapes Bindings
Leghorn, Dunstable and satin Bonnets
Wax, glass and amber Beads
Red & black Morocco Pocket-Books
Cotton and silk Suspenders
Ribbons, Pins, Needles
Thimbles,
Steel Knitting Pins, &c &c &c.

HARDWARE, Viz.

Bar-Iron, and English blistered Steel—Pots Kettles—Bake-pans—Smoothing-irons—Locks—Knives and Forks, buckhorn handles, do. of different kinds—Carving knives and steels—Razors—Pen-knives—Plane-irons, Chisels, Gouges, &c.—Shoemakers' Tools Tacks—Brass Cocks—Scissors—Plated, and pearl Buttons—Spectacles—Pewter Platters, large and small; do. Basons and Porringers, do. do.; do. Plates and Teapots—Britannia Table and Tea-Spoons—Brass-headed Andirons—Shovels and Tongs—Candlesticks and Snuffers—Copper Tea-kettles Japanned Waiters and Mugs—Cotton and Wool Cards—Holland Skates—Slates and Pencils—Best steel-plated saw-mill Saws; Cross-cut do.—Excellent Fowling Pieces—Pistols—Potash Kettles—Chaldrons—Stoves Silver-plated Candlesticks; do. Saltcellars Brass Candlesticks—Best Britannia metal Tea-pots, &c. &c.

GROCERIES, Viz.

St. Croix Rum, of an excellent quality, per hhd. bbl. or gal.—Jamaica Spirits—Wines, per qr. cask or less—Brandy, per pipe, bbl. or less—Gin per do.—Cherry-Rum—Brown Sugar, per hhd. bbl. or qr.—Loaf and Lump do. per cwt. or less—Coffee & Chocolate—Salts, Turks'-Island & blown—Indigo—Pepper, Alspice, Ginger, Nutmegs—Tobacco, plug, pigtail and paper—Scotch & Maccoboy Snuff, best kind, wholesale or retail, cheaper than the New-York prices—Best English Gunpowder Patent Shot, all sizes—Bar Lead—Hard Soap—Bonnet Paper; Writing do.—Cotton-wool—Holland Brushes; Whitewash do.—Hand Cords—Trace Rope—Redwood, Nicaragua do.—Copperas, Alum—Brimstone—Fire and spit-ball Blacking, &c. &c.

Crockery and China.

Wooden Ware,

Of the *Shakers'* manufacture, viz. Tubs; Half-bushel, &c. Measures; wire and splint Riddles and Sieves; Brooms; Pails, &c. Also, Ploughs, Rakes, Barrels, Kegs, &c.—Whips, Lashes, &c. &c.

Shoes, Slippers, &c.

Of all kinds, for men and boys, ladies and children.

Plaster. Garden-Seeds. Flax-Seed
Red Clover Seed. Hemp Seed.
Codfish, Pickled do. and Mackerel, by the bbl. or less.
A few barrels Liver Oil.

Bibles, Testaments, Spelling-Books &c. &c.

Take Notice.

S. WIGTON requests all to whom he is indebted to bring in their bills for payment—

AND ALSO,

All persons who are indebted to him are informed, that unless their accounts are settled by the 15th of October, they will be put into the hands of an attorne for collection.

Hudson, September, 1806. 1tf

A few Kegs best

Virginia Tobacco,

For sale by

Samuel Wigton.

Hudson, July 10, 1807. 41

Eastern Bills taken.

The following bank bills will be received in payment for goods at the store of the subscriber, without discount, viz

Of Pittsfield,
Northampton,
Hartford,
Middletown,
New London, and
New-Haven.

SAMUEL WIGTON.

Hudson, February 6, 1807. 19

New Store.

Andries Heermanse,

No. 80, Warren-Street,

Two doors above REUBEN FOLGER'S,

HAS JUST RECEIVED,

And now opening for sale, a very neat assortment of

DRY GOODS,

Groceries and Crockery,

Which he offers for sale on the most reasonable terms.

Hudson, July, 1807. 40

For Sale,

The Cargo of the Schooner Delight,
(Ezra Bourne master)
Consisting of

Rum, Sugar, Molasses, & Coffee.

10 Hhds. sweet-flavored Rum
65 Hhds Sugar } first quality
200 Bbls. ditto }
10 Hhds. and 38 Bbls. Molasses
1000 wt. Coffee.

The above articles will be sold at the New-York prices, for Cash or approved Notes at 60 and 90 days

STORRS & GUNN.

Hudson, September 4, 1807. 49

Ripley & Center

Have for sale

The following GOODS,

The greater part of which are of their own importation, and will be sold, at WHOLESALE only, as low as can be had from New-York,

VIZ.

60 puncheons St. Croix Rum
30 do. W. Island do.
30 do. retailing Molasses
10 pipes 4th proof Coniac Brandy
5 do. do. Cette do.
8 do. real Holland Gin
20 qr. casks Sherry, } WINES. of the 1st quality.
25 do. Malaga, }
20 pipes, hhds. and qr. casks h. p Madeira }
14 hhds. Muscovado Sugar
20 barrels do. do.
15 hhds. Lump Sugar
28 chests Hyson-skin Tea
15 do. Souchong do.
3 do. Bohea do.
20 kegs Ginger
10 bags Pimento
12 do. Pepper
30 kegs Tobacco
800 lbs. Pigtail do.
1 ton Snuff
600 bushels Turks'-Island Salt.

ALSO,

A consignment of 60 pieces Broadcloths and Coatings, which will be sold very low, and on liberal terms.

Hudson, December 14, 1807. 64tf

NEW STORE.

CORNELIUS VILLEE,

Warren Street,

Has just received and now offers for sale, a neat and general assortment of

Winter Goods,

Consisting of

Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware and Crockery.

Which he will sell as low as can be purchased in this city, for cash or produce.

Hudson, January, 1808. 81

New Goods.

Seth H. Noyes,

Has just received, in addition to his former assortment, a variety of

Fashionable and Seasonable

Dry Goods,

Which he offers for sale, on the most reasonable terms, by Wholesale.

No. 67, Warren-Street,
Hudson, July 16, 1807. 42 tf

N. B. Merchants in the country will find it to their advantage to buy Goods in Hudson, if they can be purchased as low as they can be in New-York, as I am determined to sell on as good terms. All calls will be gratefully received, and all orders from the country will be punctually attended to.

S. H. Noyes.

Seth H. Noyes,

Has just received, by the latest arrivals from Europe, in addition to his former, a large and fahionable assortment of

Fall and Winter Goods,

Which he offers for sale at the lowest New-York prices, at his store, No. 67, corner of Warren and Second Streets.

Hudson, October 16, 1807. 55

The Old Store open again,

No. 8, Warren-Street.

Mrs. L. Mear,

By and with the advice and solicitations of a number of her real friends, has thought proper to furnish her old stand (which she is obliged to retain until the first of May next) with a very handsome assortment of

Millinery and Fancy Goods;

among which will be found

Split-Straw, Leghorn and Silk Bonnets,
Beaver, Silk and Velvet Jockies;

ALSO,

Linens, Muslins, Cambrics and Dimities of different prices,
Plain and figured Lenos,
Spider-Net; and indeed every kind of Goods calculated to catch the eye of the fashionable, or charm the fancy of the curious.

Mrs. L. MEAR will devote some portion of her time, the ensuing winter, to the concerns of the above store; and she has empowered the subscriber to transact the business during her absence.

Leverett Cruttenden.

Hudson, Dec. 6, 1807. 60

Millinery and Fancy Goods.

Miss Bourk,

No. 142, Warren-Street,

Has received, in addition to her former supply,

Ladies Elegant Beaver Bonnets,
Shag and Velvet do.
Leghorn and Split-straw do.
French Lustring,
Italian do.
Silk Velvets,
Tabby do.
Corded Muslin,
India Book Muslin,
British do.
Mulmul do.
Elegant Thread Laces
Laced Sleeves, Veils and Caps,
Lace and Pic Nic Gloves,
White Kid and Silk do.
Silk and Cotton Hose,
Ribbons,
Cambric Dimity,
Common do.
Bombazetts,
Tortoise shell Combs,
Mock-Tortoise do.
Elegant assortment Damask Shawls.

Which, together with her former supply, makes a handsome assortment in the Millinery and Fancy Goods Line, and will be sold as usual, on the lowest terms.

Hudson, November 27, 1807. 61 tf

Mrs. Jeffords,

No 99. Warren-Street, Hudson,

(opposite Swart's City-Tavern)

Has received, in addition to her former stock of

Fancy Goods and Millinery,

a very large and handsome assortment of

Straw Bonnets,

All which will be sold on the most reasonable terms.

Gowns and Pelices made, and Straw Bonnets made and altered in the best and most fashionable manner.

November 13, 1807. 59

EXCHANGE OFFICE.

Ransom Clark,

Begs leave to inform the public, that he has opened an office in the city of Hudson, at his house No. 240 Warren-Street, where

BANK BILLS.

that are not counterfeit, of every description, will be exchanged at a reasonable premium.

Hudson, Nov. 4, 1807. 58

WHEREAS default having been made in payment of the sum of two thousand nine hundred and twenty-one dollars and ninety-cents, secured to be paid to Ezra Reed of the city of Hudson, by Timothy Baddock, of the town of Claverack and Eunice his wife, by their certain indenture of mortgage, by them duly executed and delivered to said Ezra Reed, jun. bearing date the twenty-sixth day of July, one thousand eight hundred and five; and whereas the said indenture of mortgage has in due form of law been assigned and transferred to us the subscribers, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power in the said indenture of mortgage contained, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, we shall expose to sale at public auction or vendue, on the eighth day of July next, at the dwelling-house of Medad Miller, innholder in the town of Kinderhook, the premises in the said indenture of mortgage contained, that is to say, all that certain farm or parcel of land situate, lying and being within the town of Claverack and county of Columbia, beginning at the bridge across the Claverack creek, upon the Union turnpike road, and running thence southerly, along and upon said creek, to the lands in possession of Adam Van Alen; thence eastwardly along the said lands in the possession of said Adam to the lands in possession of Peter Sharp, late-ly occupied by Peter Herder; thence northerly along the lands in possession of said Sharp to a cross-fence made by Giles Frary, and where the road or path from the eastward (by Johannis Smith's) intersects the said Union turnpike road; thence south-westwardly along said Union turnpike road to the place of beginning—containing about one hundred and twenty-five acres of land, reserving thereout the right to Ezekiel Gilbert, his heirs and assigns, to make a dam or dams across said creek, and to make and maintain a canal across the low lands of said farm, which right is particularly set forth in the said indenture. Dated December 18, 1807.

Roswell Reed,
Epenetus Reed.

65

WHEREAS William Peterson, of the town of Chatham, Columbia county, and Mary his wife, did, on the twenty first day of May, one thousand eight hundred and four, by deed of bargain and sale, mortgage to Abraham Hogeboom, now deceased, in fee. All that certain piece, parcel, tract or farm of land situate, lying and being in the town of Chatham, in the county and state aforesaid, and bounded as follows, to wit. Beginning at a stake and stones by Zephaniah Coffin's fence, running thence south, thirty-three degrees east, ten chains and thirty-five links to a large black-oak tree marked; thence south, twenty one and three-fourth degrees east, two chains and fifty two links to a hard-maple tree marked; thence south, eighteen and a half degrees east, two chains and sixty-four links to a black-oak tree marked; thence south, four and a half degrees east, three chains and eighteen links to a black-oak tree marked; thence south, five and a half degrees east, four chains and forty-two links to a white-oak tree; thence south, seventeen and a half degrees east, two chains and seventy-two links to a white-oak; thence south, nineteen and a half degrees east, one chain and fifty links to a stake and stones; thence north, thirty-one degrees east, two chains and fifty links; thence north, forty degrees east, one chain and eighty-nine links, thence north twenty-five and a quarter degrees west, two chains and thirty links to a hard-maple marked; thence north, fourteen degrees west, one chain and thirty-eight links to a white-oak; thence north, ten and a half degrees west, three chains and sixty-four links to a large white-oak tree; thence north, two and a half degrees west, four chains and ten links ending by an old road; thence south, seventeen degrees east, six chains and sixty links along said road; thence north, fifteen degrees east, four chains and fifty links to the north-east corner; thence south, eighty-five and a half degrees west, four chains; thence north, eighty-three and three-fourth degrees west, two chains and fifty links to the south side of the turnpike road; thence south eighty-nine and a quarter degrees west, three chains and sixty-nine links crossing the turnpike running near Zephaniah Coffin's line; thence north, sixty-seven and a quarter degrees west, one chain and forty-three links to the place of beginning; containing about fifteen acres, be the same more or less—to secure the payment of two hundred dollars, with interest from the first day of October, one thousand eight hundred and four, at certain days and times now past: Default having been made in the payment of said money, Notice is therefore hereby given, that the premises will be sold, pursuant to a power contained in said mortgage, on the last Monday of June next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at the dwelling-house of Samuel Stocking, inn-keeper, in the city of Hudson. Dated the 10th day of December, 1807.

Richard A. Hogeboom,
Administrator of &c. Abraham Hogeboom,
63 deceased.

By E. Williams, *his Attorney.*

DEFAULT having been made in the payment of the sum of one hundred dollars, with the interest thereon, secured to be paid by a certain indenture of release by way of mortgage, dated the first day of November, one thousand eight hundred and four, and executed by William Bresie and Alodlane his wife, of the town of Hillsdale, county of Columbia and state of New-York, to Ambrose Bryan, of the town and county aforesaid, of all that certain piece, parcel or tract of land, lying and being in the town, county and state aforesaid, bounded as follows, viz. beginning on the turnpike road at a stake joining lands sold by the said Bryan, of the second part, to Samuel Bryan, thence along the turnpike south eighty degrees and forty-five minutes west, ten chains and sixty links, to John Cronkshire's lands; thence north six degrees and thirty minutes east, seventeen chains and fifteen links; thence south eighty-six degrees west, one chain and seventy-five links, to a white-oak staddle; thence north thirteen degrees east, one chain and seventy links; thence north sixteen degrees and forty-five minutes east, seven chains and sixteen links; thence north eighty-two degrees and forty-five minutes west, two chains and thirteen links, to the road leading by Samuel Bryan's; thence north forty-eight degrees east, three chains thence south forty-eight degrees east, fourteen chains and forty-five links; thence south ten degrees and forty minutes west, sixteen chains and sixty links, to the place of beginning: containing twenty-five acres. Notice is therefore hereby given, that by virtue of a power contained in the said mortgage, and in pursuance of the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgaged premises will be sold at public vendue, at the house of Samuel Stocking, inn-keeper, in the city of Hudson, on the twenty-first day of May next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day. Dated the 16th day of November, 1807. 60

Ambrose Bryan.

By Grosvenor & Bay, *his Attornies.*

Loft,

On the 10th inst. between Philo Nichols' and Wm Hoffman's, a small Pocket-Book, containing a note of hand of rising of five hundred dollars, and some papers of small value, and a small sum of money. Whoever will return said pocket-book, with its contents, to Messrs Storrs & Gunn, of Hudson, or to the owner at Mount-Washington, shall be handsomely rewarded.

Willaby Dexter.
Nov. 19, 1807. 61

TAKE CARE.

Whereas I have discharged John Paulding from my employ, those persons with whom he has made contracts for cattle, &c. in my name prior to this date, will please to call and let me know, as he makes no more for me.

John Kemper.
December 1, 1807. 63

Notice.

THE Subscribers, having entered into partnership in the practice of the law, respectfully offer their services to the public. They have commenced business in the office of William W. Van Ness, esq. By a prompt and faithful discharge of professional duty, they hope to merit a continuance of the business of those who have heretofore employed Mr. Van Ness. A principal portion of the unfinished business in the hands of Mr. Van Ness, has been committed to the care of the subscribers, of which those interested will be pleased to take notice.

THOMAS P. GROSVENOR,
THOMAS BAY.
Hudson, July 17, 1807. 42

John Woodward,

HAS commenced the practice of LAW in the city of Hudson, at his office No. 136, corner of Warren and Third Streets, opposite the store of Mr. Henry De Witt; where any thing relative to the business of an Attorney or Counsellor at Law, will be strictly attended to.

August 21, 1807. 47

NOTICE.

THE hon. court of probate for the district of Windham hath allowed the term of six months from this date for the creditors to the estate of ABEL ASPENWALL, formerly of Mansfield in Windham county and state of Connecticut, but last a resident in Chatham in Columbia county and state of New-York. All persons indebted to said estate, or to whom the said estate is indebted, are to take notice of this order by exhibiting their claims to the subscriber, or making immediate payment to

SKIFF FREEMAN, jun.
Administrator.
Mansfield, (Conn.) Sept. 30, 1807. 56

Notice is hereby given,

THAT application will be made to the legislature of the state of New-York, for the grant of a turnpike road, to start from the line of West-Stockbridge, in the state of Massachusetts, on the most convenient route to intersect the Union Turnpike at or near the second gate from Hudson, near the dwelling of the late Mr. Abraham Hogeboom, deceased.

Isaac Raymond.
Chatham, Dec. 25, 1807. 65 4w

Notice is hereby given,

That application will be made to the legislature of the state of New-York, at the next session, for the grant of a turnpike road, beginning at the western termination of Green-Street, at or near the house of Ezekiel Gilbert, in the city of Hudson, and running easterly on a continuation of the line of Green-Street, to the Farmers' turnpike road, and from thence to Gilbert's falls, on the Claverack creek, between the Union and Columbia turnpikes, and from thence easterly, on the nearest and most convenient rout, till at or near the house of William Tanner, in Hillsdale, and from thence to the line of the commonwealth of Massachusetts, so as to meet a turnpike road on said line.

Wm. G Philip,
George Harder.
Jan. 5, 1808. 1 4w

Proposals by Ransom Clark.

ANY person disposed to purchase $1250 Seneca Turnpike Shares, and have added to it $1250 cash, shall be accommodated for an approved note for $2500 at twelve months' credit, with legal interest, by applying to the subscriber.

Ransom Clark.
Hudson, Dec 4, 1807. 62

Cabinet Furniture.

Nathaniel Bowman,

Respectfully informs his friends and the public that he has on hand at his *OLD STAND*, No. 165, Warren-Street, opposite JACOB DAVIS's Store, a handsome assortment of well made

Cabinet Furniture,

which he warrants to be as good as can be purchased in this city, and will be sold on as reasonable terms. Among other articles, are various kinds of

Bedsteads,

Equal or Superior to any in this city for *Security* from *BUGS*, or for any other *convenience*.

☞ All orders in his line will be thankfully received and punctually attended to. Those who see fit to favor him with their commands will find him assiduous in his attention to give general satisfaction.

Hudson, July 24, 1807. 43

NEW-YORK
Card Manufactory,
No. 100, Coffee-House Slip.

The subscribers take this method to inform their friends and the public in general, that having made such improvements and extended their business so very considerably, that they flatter themselves to be enabled to execute all their orders for the next season with CARDS for Carding Machines of every description, as also with Carding Machines, if required, all of the best quality and on accommodating terms. They also keep constantly for sale,

Clothiers' and Hatters' Jacks,

and all other kind of Cards for hand use; and also a general supply of

English Combplate.

All those who intend establishing Carding Machines next spring, will find it to their interest to forward their orders as early as January or February, when they will be duly executed, and if required, the Cards will be forwarded to Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Hudson, or Albany, as most convenient to purchasers.

SAMUEL WHITTEMORE & Co.
New-York, October 30, 1807. 57 6m.

A Farm for Sale,

In the town of Kortright and county of Delaware, about fifty miles west of Catskill and within three miles of the Turnpike road leading from Catskill to the Susquehannah. Said Farm contains three hundred acres, subject to the yearly rent of sixpence sterling per acre forever. About one hundred and fifty acres of said land is under good improvement and well fenced, the remainder not yet cleared; is well proportioned for plough, meadow and pasture land; it is also well watered with brooks and living springs. On the premises are two orchards containing about three hundred apple trees; two new large frame barns, two frame houses, besides other houses very conveniently situated to public roads leading to and from the said place. Said farm can be divided into two or three farms as it may suit the purchaser. For further particulars inquire of the subscriber, living on the premises.

HENRY MARSHALL.
Kortright, September 5, 1807. 55tf

For Sale,

Several convenient LOTS, laying on the Farmers' Turnpike, contiguous to the Hudson Healing Springs, two and a half miles from the Hudson Academy, consisting of from two to four acres, as will best suit the purchaser. An indisputable title will be given by

Claudius I. Delametter.
Hudson, Nov. 10, 1807. 59tf

300

SPLIT-STRAW & LEGHORN Hats and Bonnets,

of the newest fashion,

Just received by the subscriber, at her store No. 82, Warren-Street, opposite Swart's Inn, where she will sell cheaper than any ever offered for sale in this city. Those who wish to purchase, will find their advantage in calling.

ALSO,

A great variety of other

Millinery and Dry Goods.

And an assortment of

Muffs and Tippets,

very cheap.

A. MULDON.

N. B. Mantuamaking done in the newest fashion.

☞ *Split straw Bonnets* ALTERED.

Hudson, June 19, 1807. 38 tf

Moores & Skinner,

No. 100, Warren-Street, nearly opposite the Bank,

Have opened a New Store,

in the building formerly occupied by Mr. Peter Hogeboom, where they have for sale, a fresh and handsome assortment of

DRY GOODS,

Groceries, Hard, Crockery & Glass Wares, &c.

Which they are determined to sell on such terms as shall induce customers to call again. Their stock consists of the usual variety, and will be found inferior to none in the city for quality and price, it is not thought necessary to enumerate articles. Though it will be their study to merit favors, they will be thankful for all received.

Hudson, September 25, 1807. 52

Alpheus M. Hunt,

No. 92, Warren-Street,

Has just received and now offers for sale, a few articles in the Grocery line, viz.

Hyson and Hyson-skin Teas
Brown Sugar
Coffee, Pepper, Allspice, and
A few boxes Raisins.

All of which, together with his usual assortment of

DRY GOODS,

He is determined to sell low for cash or most kinds of country produce.

Hudson, December 12, 1807. 64

LIME.

The subscriber informs the public that his

Perpetual Lime-Kiln

is now burning, near the Presbyterian Meeting-house in Hudson, where any quantity of Lime may be had at the usual price. He intends to have a supply on hand through the season.

Cash given or Lime exchanged for any quantity of

Wood.

THOMAS POWER.

Hudson, May 4, 1807. 32

PORK Wanted.

A generous price will be given for about 300 first rate Hogs, for barrelling, by

S. WIGTON.

Nov. 6, 1807. 58

Fancy, Fall and Winter *GOODS.*

Alpheus M. Hunt,

No. 92, Warren-Street,

BEGS leave to inform his friends and the public at large, that he has just received a fresh assortment of Goods from New-York, of the latest arrivals from Europe, which he is determined to sell as low as any person in this place He will be thankful for any favors in his line of business, and endeavor to give general satisfaction.

In addition to his former assortment he has added the following, viz.

SUPERFINE black, blue, and drab Broadcloths. Kerseymeres; Bennet's Cords, Hunter's do; Velvets; red, green, yellow, and white Flannel; Nelson's fancy Vestings, Swansdown; Patent Cord; Lustrings, Satins, Sarcenets, Persians, Modes; silk and cotton chambray Ginghams; Calicoes; Furniture Dimity and Calico; Cambric, Dimity and Muslins; mull-mull Muslins; Lenoes, plain and figured; seeded Sleeves; pic-nic Gloves, silk long and short do. kid do; Laces; silk, cotton and worsted Hose; Irish and Russia Diaper; Irish Linen, brown do; Gurrah and Baftas Muslins; Satinet; silk, cambric, and leno Shawls; bandano, Madras, and cambric Handkerchiefs; Linen Cambric; Long Lawn; shirting Muslins; Silk Velvet; Russel Calimanco, Bombazet, Rattinet; Bed-Ticking; tortoise-shell and common Combs, &c. &c.

Hudson, September 25, 1807. 52

CHEAP STORE.

Benjamin Halstead,

HAS removed to the store lately occupied by Miller & Gaul, No. 173, Warren-Street, where he has just opened, and now offers for sale, a general assortment of

Dry Goods, Groceries, Crockery, China, and Hard Ware,

which he is determined to sell as low as any store in Hudson, for cash or produce.

Hudson Dec. 10, 1807. 64tf

For Sale,

A good Coachee,

well made, and is a very decent family carriage for this part of the country; has been used none of any consequence. A good

Pleasure Sleigh

for two horses. A pair of elegant

Dark Grey Horses,

6 years old, 16 hands high, well broke to single or double harness, perfectly sound and gentle. One good

Saddle-Horse, 15 1-2 hands high.

The above property is offered for sale in consequence of my late misfortune.

Nathan Benjamin.

Catskill, Dec. 13, 1807. 61—6w

To the Friends of Civil Recreation.

Music for Balls.

THE subscriber having determined to pay strict attention to music this winter, would inform the public in general that he will use all possible means to give satisfaction to those who may see fit to call on him. In consequence of his being engaged every Thursday, at Hudson, he solicits those who may want his assistance, to make application on other evenings. Companies would do well to call on him previous to settling their arrangements. Written applications will be punctually attended to. His price is *Five Dollars* an evening, with a reasonable addition for expences, when called abroad ——Those unacquainted with him, may obtain satisfactory information of their friends in Hudson.

Peter H. Munson,
At Fowler's Hotel.

Hudson, Dec. 4, 1807. 62

A good chance.

THE subscriber will let, for a term of years, his FARM, situate in Claverack, in the county of Columbia, five miles from the city of Hudson, containing about four hundred acres of the first quality of land, both for grain and grazing; together with a large and valuable Stock. The tenant must understand a dairy in all its branches, and produce ample testimonials of good character—none other need apply. Letters *(postage paid)* will be answered immediately, and the terms communicated.

Several valuable Farms for sale.

J. Rutsen Van Rensselaer.

November 11, 1807. 60

For Sale,

A small Farm or piece of Land, of 42 acres, mostly under improvement, about one mile from this city, adjoining Mount Laurel, the seat of John Thurston, Esq. For prospect and convenience, surpassed by very few in this quarter. Bounded principally by two roads, and the Farmers' Turnpike from New-York to Troy, now making—is eligibly laid out throughout the premises, and the situation, generally, is capable of handsome improvements for a man of business, pleasure or retirement.

JAMES NIXON, jun.

Hudson, June 10, 1807. 37

For Sale,

A new three story BRICK STORE, eligibly situated for business, at the head of Warren street, Hudson. Enquire on the premises, of

JOHN S. HOPKINS.

June 26, 1807. 39

Hoop-Poles.

Eight or ten thousand hogshead and barrel Poles, for which the highest price will be given, wanted immediately, by

W. ROGERS & SONS

Hudson, October 2, 1807. 53

Journeymen Coopers, Ahoi!

Five or six are wanted immediately, and if good workmen, will receive the best wages and constant employment from

William Rogers & Sons.

Hudson, September 11. 50

TAKE NOTICE.

All those indebted to the subscriber for debts contracted before the first of December, are requested to call and settle their accounts without delay, and save cost.

Isaac Lum.

Hudson, January 1, 1808. 1 4w

BY order of the hon. William W. Van Ness, esq one of the justices of the supreme court of judicature of the state of New-York, Notice is hereby given, to all the creditors of Jesse W. Smith, of the city of Hudson, an insolvent debtor, that they shew cause, if any they have, before the said justice at his office in the city of Hudson, on the 23rd day of February next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, why an assignment of the said insolvent's estate should not be made, and he discharged, according to the directions of the act, entitled "an act for giving relief in cases of insolvency," passed 3rd April, 1801. Dated December 31st, 1807.

Jesse W. Smith, *Insolvent.*

Thomas Post, and others, petitioning creditors. 1

For sale at Croswell & Frary's Book-Store, a new edition of the

Laws of New-York,

in 4 volumes complete—price 12 dolls.

HEZEKIAH STEEL, Book-Binder,

INFORMS his friends and the public that he has commenced his business a few doors above the Court-House, Warren-Street, Hudson, where he binds books of any description, in the neatest manner.

Blank Books,

Of any size, ruled to any pattern, and bound according to the newest modes, as low as in New-York, or elsewhere.

Hudson, August 1, 1806.

H. STEEL,

Has just received and offers for sale, an assortment of

Paper Hangings & Borders,

of the newest figures.

AN ASSORTMENT OF

TRUNKS,

Will be constantly kept on hand for sale very low

August, 19.

Fulling-Mill.

THE subscribers take this method to inform the public that they are ready for the reception of Cloth, at their Mill, 5 miles east of Hudson; and having furnished themselves with the best of workmen, their customers may depend on having their Cloth well dressed with punctuality and dispatch.

Cloth may be left at Abisha Bartlett's Store, nearly opposite the Post Office, Hudson; from whence it will be taken, and returned as soon as dressed.

MACY & UPTON

Hudson, Oct. 9, 1807.

PRICES-CURRENT,

At New-York, January 1, 1808.

		D. C. D.
Ashes, Pot	ton	225 —
Pearl	—	225 —
Beans, white	bush	1 12—
Beef, cargo	bbl.	7 50—
prime	—	8 50—
mess	—	11 50—
Butter, for export	lb.	12—
Cheese,	—	— 6—
Flaxseed,	cask	12—
Flour, superfine	bbl.	6 75—
common	—	6 25—
Rye	—	4 —
Grain, Wheat, N. Riv.	bush	1 37—
Rye	—	— 60—
Oats	—	— 45—
Corn, North	—	new 65—
Hogs Lard,	lb.	10—
Lumber, Oak Boards,	Mft.	17 50—
N. Riv. Pine,	—	17 50—
Yellow Pine,	—	16 —
Albany Boards,	piece	20—
Oak Timber,	sd.ft.	12—
Scantling, Pine,	Mft.	13 —
Shingles, Cyp. 22 inch.	M	4 50
Staves, W.O. Pipe,	—	57 50
hhd.	—	40 —
hhd. heading,	—	45 —
Red Oak hhd.	—	24 —
W. Oak bbl.	—	11 —
Hoops, hhd. (new)	—	25 —
Pork, cargo	bbl.	12 50
prime	—	13 50
mess	—	17 —
Peas, black-eyed	bush.	—
Albany	—	1 —
Tallow,	lb.	—
Wax, Bees	—	—

PRINTED BY

CROSWELL & FRARY,

No. 221, Warren-Street,

HUDSON, N. Y.

Mr. Clark. said, he knew that attempts had been made by the Spanish government to divide the Union. He had twice endeavored to make the facts known. He had twice endeavored to state them to the *President!* But the President either did not or would not understand them. When France came into the possession of Louisiana, he supposed they would pursue the same course before pursued by Spain. He therefore wrote to the Secretary of state that he had twice called on the President officially. That he had put papers into the Secretary's hands.

Motion to postpone until Monday was then made. By this time the administration-men were becoming more and more averse to the measure.

Motion to postpone till Monday carried."

The old rat caught.

From the foregoing proceedings it seems that Mr. Randolph is about to wreak a terrible vengeance on Wilkinson, for a late attempt to disgrace him. The following is a correct account of this attempt:—On the 24th ult. Wilkinson sent a message to Randolph, complaining of injuries done his reputation, by Randolph's expressions, and requiring honorable reparation. The next day Randolph returned an answer, in which he declared his confidence in the truth of his assertions, and concluded in the following severe manner:—"In you, sir, I can recognize no right to hold me accountable for my public or private opinions of your character, that would not subject me to an equal claim from Col. Burr, or Serjeant Dunbagh. I cannot descend to your level. This is my *final* answer." On the morning of the 31st. Wilkinson posted Randolph, "as a prevaricating, base, calumniating scoundrel, paltroon and coward."——The same day, the above proceedings took place in Congres.——And now, if the Jefferson party do not save Wilkinson by the mere strength of party, he may chance to occupy the same noose which he officiously prepared for the neck of Burr.

Cheetham, in an article on this subject, says, that if Wilkinson, while commanding the army of the United States against Spain, was a pensioner of Spain, had in his pocket a Spanish commission and was actually corresponding in cypher with the Spanish government—*the Traitor should be shot.*

Long Strides.

Some time since, a committee was appointed in the U. S. senate to enquire into the conduct of John Smith, (a member of that body) touching his connection with the Burr conspiracy. The committee have lately made their report, which concludes with a resolution that "John Smith, a senator from Ohio, by his participation in the conspiracy of A. Burr, has been guilty of conduct which incapacitates him from holding a seat in the senate, and that he be expelled therefrom."——It appears that Mr. Smith had appeared before the committee, and given full information on every point deemed important by him; but still claimed the right to be heard by counsel and to be confronted by witnesses before the senate. The committee, however, give it as their opinion that he ought not to entrench himself behind the forms of law; and that the senate have the discretionary power to expel a member without being controuled by the rigid principles that characterize ordinary judicial proceedings.

After this, who will say that this nation is not on the high road to despotism?

Extract of a letter from Albany.

The embargo is very unpopular here. It is considered by many as an unnecessary measure; and even those who believe it necessary, ascribe that necessity to the weak and economical measures of the government. The Farmers, who bring their produce to this market, and are compelled to carry it back, or sell at much less than half the usual price, begin to see (for they feel) the necessity of naval protection; and they are now ready to acknowledge that a government which takes a few dollars for taxes to protect the country, is better entitled to the applause of the people than one which removes our taxes, and leaves the country defenceless. The late failures in New-York caused by the embargo, fall heavily on some of the merchants of this place.

Communication, from the Crisis.

The honest, industrious German, with his load of wheat.

I, Hanse Peder Cowder, went top on Alpany mit more as tirty pushels wheat in mine slagh, and could not get more as sax scallens a pushel and not dat—I tinks, what de tevil's de madder now up Alpany. I sees one mans, she dells me de preshitant he lays all de peoples under a law up embarrashment—I spragh by one very goot mans whats de meaning up embarrashment, she dells me it is to make de peoples *poor*. Tinks I up mine zeal dat is drue, for I toes feel very poor, and more as dat, tampt mad up Chefferson. Great many mans up Alpany says they could not get money do pay upon de panks, I believes they feels tampt bad too— so I spans in, and trives all night and more too, and carries mine wheat upon mine house down into de parn—mine wife she curse, she scolt up de law embarrashment—I feels very mauger—I dells de poys and olt Jack not to trash any more, betters leave it for de rats.

To Correspondents.

The poetical production by "Edwin" has merit; but the subject should not become too familiar.

"S—n," does not agree with us in sentiment; and it would be *impolitic* to give his opinions currency at this moment.

JOURNAL OF THE TIMES.

Be it our weekly task,
To note the passing tidings of the times.

A plan is in agitation to remove the seat of the general government to Philadelphia

By a late arrival at New-York, Cork papers to the 20th of November, and London dates to the 14th, were received. At that time no blockading proclamation had been published by the British government.

A squadron of five sail of the line had sailed from Plymouth, under sir Sidney Smith, and was to be joined at Cork by the Hibernia of 120 guns. One regiment was embarking at Plymouth to sail in a separate division, and to be joined by two more regiments at Cork. Destination unknown.

Dispatches of a singular and highly important nature, have been found on board the merchant ship Caroline, detained and carried into Plymouth by an English privateer. The Caroline was bound from New-York to Cherburg, and the dispatches were from the French minister in the U. S to Talleyrand.

The last mails do not furnish an article of foreign news later than the foregoing. The American public will therefore wait with fearful and painful anxiety, for the developement of the intercepted dispatches of Terreau to Talleyrand. They will unquestionably throw more light on the late proceedings of our government, than any thing we have been permitted to see.

Mr. Rose.

It appears that a solemn farce has been played on the American stage, respecting the special envoy from Great Britain.—It is stated in the E. Post, on the authority of letters from Washington, "that after the Statira had arrived in Hampton Roads, Mr. Rose sent up to capt. Decatur, at Norfolk, to know if the frigate would be hospitably received, and furnished with such necessaries as she stood in need of, after so long a voyage. Capt Decatur referred the messenger to the collector; the collector was not at home, and the messenger was referred to the collector's clerk; the collector's clerk referred him to the president's proclamation. Finding no satisfaction could be obtained on this head at Norfolk, a letter was sent to the British minister at Washington, who applied to the executive, and the next day an express was sent off to Norfolk. *Mr. Rose in the mean time, remains on board of the frigate.*"

Letters from Washington, speak a very flattering language respecting our differences with England. It is stated that Mr. Rose's powers to negociate are very extensive; and that a war with England will not take place unless the government of the U. S are predetermined on it.

A letter from Norfolk, dated Jan. 1, states that Mr. Rose was still in Hampton roads. The letter also mentions a report that seven British ships of the line and frigates had arrived in Lynhaven bay.

Norfolk.

The following interesting extract of a letter was received by a gentleman in this place from his correspondent in Lisbon, dated the 31st of Oct. and politely handed us:

"Yesterday a courier arrived from France, bringing the disagreeable intelligence, that our Ambassador had left Paris the middle of this month. The Count da Ega, our Ambassador to Spain has also left Madrid. Twenty five thousand men are on their march against this country, the advance guard of which was expected to arrive at Burgos yesterday. On the 18th of November the Spanish and French armies are to march from Salamanca, the place of rendezvous. gen Junot, (late minister at Portugal) is appointed general in chief; Laborde and Clement, Junior, are generals of division. The Provinces are without troops, most of which are drawn towards the capital. The lieutenant generals Gomes Freire, Marquis D'Alorna and Francis da Cumba, are appointed the generals to command the troops of Portugal Anthony de Arugo Azevedo (minister for foreign affairs) left this place yesterday for Madrid to negotiate with general Junot.

The packet from Falmouth arrived this day, and left the mail, as they must hereafter do, without the Bar. Twelve sail of the line and five frigates British, are off the Bar at this moment, with what intentions is not known, perhaps Lisbon is to share the fate of Copenhagen.

"Our ships of war are still prepared. An embargo has been laid on all the Brazil ships, to carry troops and warlike stores in case the Prince Regent determines to go to Brazil. All the plate belonging to the churches and convent have been inventoried, and is to be deposited in the royal treasury that it may be shipped at the approach of the French army."

WREATH.

For the Balance.

ODE to Morpheus, the God of Sleep.

MORPHEUS, refresh'd by thee I rise;
Thy influence yet pervades my eyes;
And wilt thou still surround my head,
And thus confine me to my bed?
But, Morpheus, know, I will not heed thee;
Retire, and visit those who need thee;
I've slept enough; my nap is o'er;
Nor will I now indulge thee more.

When at him next, I thus had said,
He stretch'd his wand straight o'er my head;
I felt the shock; for, shame to tell,
My head upon the pillow fell.
I try'd and try'd, and try'd again,
Resolv'd to rise, but all in vain;
While thus a victim to his power,
I snor'd away another hour.
I wak'd, but had new war to wage,
Ere from him I could disengage.

Our second combat was not long;
I felt again his pow'r was strong,
I sprung from bed (believe it true)
Resolv'd in future thus to do.

EDVARDUS.

For the Balance.

Messrs. Editors,

The following is proposed as an epitaph for a certain great personage, who will soon *cease to exist* as a public character:—

"HERE lies the Great," from public life secluded,
The shafts of fate, his wisdom has eluded;
When Mars frown'd angry from his bloody car,
He *soon grew old*, and died before the war.
Nor age alone prey'd on his mortal breath—
Philanthropy accelerated death;
He thought himself 'twere better far to die,
And let some friend his mansion occupy,
Than introduce the fashion, not so clever,
That mortals, selfish wights, should live forever.
How difficult 'twere then there is no telling,
To scour old rubbish from an ancient dwelling,
And give an heir, *sans* will or nomination,
A chance to thrive in miser's habitation.
Dead is the HERO, oh! he'll breath no more,
Till grim Bellona leaves our shudd'ring shore!

A good idea is well expressed in the following lines, copied from a poem, entitled, "New Year's reflections for Jan. 1, 1808," and published in Lansingburgh, by Tracy & Bliss:—

"The bird, which erst with pride his pinions spread,
At Tripoli, o'er gallant Prebble's head,
Refus'd to fall by Barron's coward hand,
And bravely flew, and took his lofty stand
On Alleghany's mount his plumes to shed,
And weep the honor of his country, dead.
Ill-fated bird! may heav'n preserve thy years,
And thy avenging country dry thy tears:
Thou ne'er shalt stoop to guard a *field of corn*,
On *gun-boat's* humble mast; nor live in scorn:
But when thou hear'st a gallant *Seventy-Four*
Defend, with thunder, this thy native shore;
Return, and at her main-top-royal head,
O'er some brave Truxtun, thy new plumage spread."

ORIGINAL MISCELLANY.

For the Balance.

THOUGHTS.

The practice of parents in casting off their children for some wrong step, is impolitic and cruel. They ought to be pitied, and, if possible, reclaimed; instead of being driven into misery and despair.

—

Various are the punishments inflicted on boys at school. There are what are called the *taws*, the *ferula* and the *rod*. Some masters make the boy who has offended, to hold out his hand; some pull him by the ears; some put a fool's cap on him; some strike him over the head; some thrust him into a dungeon; some make him to take off his coat and receive a good swinging on his back. Several of these corporeal chastisements are very unnecessary and improper. The great object to be gained by a teacher, is to make his pupils alive to honor and shame, and to excite in their breast a spirit of emulation. In some Latin schools, formerly, there was *Signum dedecoris*; but from the manner in which it was managed, it occasioned idleness and mischief. A lady who undertook to instruct a boy, used when he did not learn his lesson, to tie him up to the middle in a bag, and learn it there; and it is said to have had a salutary effect.

—

There are no surer marks of irreligion than to swear or to lie.

—

Silence on certain occasions, is more expressive than any words. In this way, the hearers often conceive more than could be possibly uttered; vice is more effectually reproved, and injuries resented.

—

We form an idea of the external appearance of every great man of whom we read or hear; but, if we see him, are generally disappointed. Some whom we imagined to be tall and lean, are found to be short and fat; and so on the contrary.

—

Many persons, instead of taking the Christian religion as it is represented in scripture, unhappily and to their own destruction, modify it, or form a religion to suit their own views and inclinations.

—

It is a distinguished glory of the gospel of Christ that it is adapted to all ranks, conditions and capacities in life. "He spake as one having authority." "The poor have the gospel preached to them."

MENTOR.

For the Balance.

A Fire Ball or Meteor, containing a Stone.

This rare phenomenon having excited considerable curiosity and inquiry, and having already been the subject of misrepresentation, induces me to offer for the Balance, the following particulars from my Meteorological Journal.

"*Hudson*, 12 *mo.* 14, 1807, 6 *o'clock*, *A.M.* Fine and serene air, a light breeze from the S.W. and warm for the season. In the S. E. a low bank of thick clouds. Several large meteors have been lately seen in the S. from this place, passing eastwardly, apparently at no great distance. A remarkable one of this morning astonished every beholder.

Between the hours of 6 and 7, A. M. (precise time not known, but supposed about 6 o'clock and 25 or 30 minutes) a large ball of fire, apparently almost as large as the sun, was discovered in the air a little W. of S.; its altitude 38 or 40°, and passing rapidly towards the S. E., with a train of fire at first equal to 5 or 6 of it's diameters, lengthening as the meteor descended.

From the best observations, the angle of its declination was about 20 or 22°, its distance not more than 55 or 60 miles; it continued in sight 20 seconds, and bore at disappearing, S. 20° E. from the City Hall. From every circumstance I am led to believe its direct motion could not have been less than 224 miles in a minute. Its brightness was very great; such as immediately to obscure all the stars: and its light of the deepest red I ever saw; though tinged, slightly, with a bluish yellow. About 8 or 10 degrees above the visible horizon, it disappeared behind a thick cloud; and in about one second afterwards, a confused noise was plainly heard from that quarter, resembling an irregular discharge of cannon and small arms at a great distance."

This is believed to be the first instance in the United States of that species of meteors which contain the *Meteoric Stone*: though such instances are well attested to have occurred frequently in Europe, and several times within a few years. One of the largest of these burst near L'Aigle, in France, in 1803. It disploded with a tremendous report, and scattered fragments of its stone over an extent of 2 1-2 leagues in length and nearly one in breadth: the largest of which weighed 17 1-2 pounds.

From the Connecticut papers it appears, that the one above described, burst over the town of Weston, in that state, with a loud report, which was perceived to a great extent. "At New-Milford, more than 20 miles from the point of explosion, the *houses* were even perceived to be shaken." Stones, of various sizes fell from it, the largest of which weighs 30 pounds. They contain considerable iron, and are said to be now in the hands of some chemical gentlemen, for analyzation.

In what manner are these stones produced in the air? Or, in the first place, what are Meteors? Are they, as modern philosophy supposes, produced from the combination of different gases in the higher regions of air? It is certain that phosphorated hydrogene gas is spontaneously inflamed by coming in contact with atmospherical air. But, if phosphor and hydrogene are the only ingredients in this combination, how could mere combustion ever produce from such materials, stone and iron! Are there not rather, other materials employed with those, and a chemical change effected in their separate qualities, by the powerful action of fire?

OBSERVATOR.

TERMS.

To City Subscribers, Two Dollars and Fifty Cents.

By Mail, Two Dollars, payable in advance.

Balance Advertiser.

No. 3. HUDSON, (New-York) TUESDAY, *January* 19, 1808.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

For a square. First insertion, 50 cents; five succeeding insertions, 25 cents each; every other insertion 20 cents each.

Half a square. First insertion 25 cents; every other insertion 12 1-2 cents each.

Advance pay for advertising will always be exacted from strangers, or persons living at a distance from Hudson.

New Advertisements.

Hudson Mechanical Society.

OUR Anniversary, for the election of Officers, &c. will be held at Mr. NICHOLS' *Hotel*, TO-MORROW, where the members are requested to attend, at ten o'clock in the forenoon.

Samuel Wigton,
Gayer Gardner,
Paul Dakin,
} *Committee.*

Tuesday, Jan. 19.

For Sale,

A complete set of *Field Instruments* for a Surveyor. Inquire of

Croswell & Frary.

January 18, 1808. 3

APPLICATION will be made to the honorable the Legislature, at their next session, for the grant of a Turnpike road, to commence at or near the dwelling-house of William Tanner, in Hillsdale, and by the nearest and most convenient route to intersect the Columbia Turnpike road between the fifth and sixth mile stones on said road.

J. R. V. Rensselaer.
A. S. D'Peyster,
A. I. Shutts.

January 18, 1808. 3

LEFT the subscriber's employ, an indented apprentice, named SAMUEL DUEL, in the nineteenth year of his age. All persons are forbid harboring, trusting, or employing him on penalty of the law. Six Cents reward will be given for his apprehension.

Leverett Cruttenden.

Hudson, Jan. 19, 1808 3

Notice.

A Dividend of 42 Cents on each share of the stock of the Union Turnpike, for the last six months, was declared on the 12th instant, which will be paid on demand.

REUBEN FOLGER, Treasurer.

Hudson, Jan. 13, 1808. 3 3w

Notice is hereby given,

That a Dividend of Seven and a half Cents was declared on each Share of the Ancram Turnpike Stock, on the 12th instant, which will be paid on demand.

JOHN VAN DEUSEN, Treasurer.

Livingston, Jan. 13, 1807. 3 2w

TAKE CARE

Whereas I have discharged John Paulding from my employ, those persons with whom he has made contracts for cattle, &c in my name prior to this date, will please to call and let me know, as he makes no more for me.

John Kemper.

December 1, 1807. 63

Croswell & Frary,

Have for sale, at their Book-Store, sign of the Bible, No. 221, Warren-street,

a general assortment of

SCHOOL-BOOKS,

among which are

BIBLES, Testaments, Beauties of the Bible, Bible Stories, Scott's Lessons, Columbian Orator, American Preceptor, Pike's Arithmetic, Fisher's do. Federal Calculator, Daboll's Assistant, Alexander's Arithmetic, Monitor, Webster's Spelling Book, Alexander's do. Rhoads' New Instructor, Morse's Geography, Dwight's do. Smith's do. Murray's Grammar, Alexander's do. Murray's Reader, Sequel, Introduction, Exercises, & Key, Perry's, Walker's, Jones', Entick's, Webster's, Alexander's, and Johnson's small Dictionaries. Most of the Latin and Greek Classics used in schools, such as Ainsworth's and Young's Dictionaries, Davidson's and Alexander's Virgil, Duncan's Cicero, Cicero Delphini, Cicero de Oratore, Ovid's Metamrphosen, no Cæsar, Sallust, Mairs' do. do. Introduction, Cornelius Nepos, together with Grammars and smaller books necessary. Greek Lexicon, Grammars and Testaments, Murphy's Lucian. &c. &c.

A general assortment of Professional and Miscellaneous Works, the greater part of the new publications, making in the whole a very general stock.

Also, a complete assortment of Stationary articles, making a list too numerous to enumerate.

Gamut or Scale of Music.

Almanacks for the present year, &c. &c.

A few

TICKETS,

In the 6th class of Literature Lottery, 25,000 dollars highest, and other very capital prizes, to be drawn in April next, less than two blanks to a prize—now is the accepted time. Also, Tickets in the United Societies' Lottery now drawing.

January 12, 1808.

Law of the Corporation.

AN ORDINANCE

TO PREVENT FORESTALLING.

BE it ordained by the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of Hudson, in Common Council convened, and it is hereby ordained by the authority of the same, That no person residing within the corporation of this city shall purchase any Turkies, Geese, Fowls, Ducks, or any Kind of Poultry, in order to sell the same again.

And be it further ordained by the authority aforesaid, That any person who shall sell, from his or her shop or store, or any other place within this Corporation, any of the above articles, having previously purchased the same in order to forestal or sell, and shall be convicted of the same, shall forfeit and pay the sum of FIVE DOLLARS for each and every offence, to be recovered by complaint before any Justice of the Peace in this City, with costs of suit; which sum so recovered shall be appropriated by the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen and Commonalty of this city, as they shall direct.

And be it further ordained by the authority aforesaid, That this Ordinance shall go into full force and effect from and after the publication thereof E PRATT, *Clerk.*

Passed 11th December, 1807. 2w

EDWARD BRUSH is appointed by the Common Council, Overseer of the Powder-House in this City

Published by order of the Council,

E. Pratt, *Clerk.*

January 9, 1808 2 3w

Just Published,

And for sale at the Book-Stores of

Croswell & Frary,

A. Stoddard, and Wm. E. Norman,

The Youth's Companion,

or an

HISTORICAL DICTIONARY;

Consisting of articles selected chiefly from Natural and Civil History, Geography, Astronomy, Zoology, Botany and Mineralogy, arranged in alphabetical order. By EZRA SAMPSON, author of the selection, entitled "Beauties of the Bible."

Price $1. 50.

January 5, 1808. 1 3w

District of New-York, ss.

BE IT REMEMBERED, That on the Twenty-Fifth Day of November, in the Thirty-Third Year of the Independence of the United States of America, EZRA SAMPSON, of the said District, hath deposited in this Office, the Title of a Book, the Right whereof he claims as Author, in the words following, to wit:....

"The Youth's Companion, or an Historical Dictionary; consisting of articles selected chiefly from Natural and Civil History, Geography, Astronomy, Zoology, Botany and Mineralogy, arranged in alphabetical order. By EZRA SAMPSON, author of the selection, entitled "Beauties of the Bible."

.. .In conformity to the Act of the Congress of the United States, entitled "An Act for the Encouragement of Learning, by securing the Copies of Maps, Charts, and Books, to the Authors and Proprietors of such Copies, during the Times therein mentioned," and also to an Act entitled "An Act supplementary to an Act for the Encouragement of Learning, by securing the Copies of Maps, Charts, and Books, to the Authors and Proprietors of such Copies, during the Times therein mentioned, and extending the Benefits thereof to the Arts of Designing, Engraving, and Etching Historical and other Prints."

2 4w EDWARD DUNSCOMB,

Clerk of the District of New-York.

Ran away

From the subscriber, on the night of the 27th December, 1807, an indented apprentice boy to the hatting business, by the name of Alvah Dewey, about fifteen years of age. Whoever will return said boy shall be entitled to Six Cents reward and no charges paid. This is therefore to forbid all persons harboring or employing him at their peril. Given under my hand. JOHN TIBBITS.

Hillsdale, Jan. 4, 1808. 2 2w

Broke into the subscriber's enclosure, about the 20th of November last, a Black Horse, about 4 years old. The owner is desired to prove property, pay charges, and take him away.

Thomas Whitlock.

Hudson, Jan 12, 1808. 2 4w

For Sale,

At Croswell & Frary's Book Store,

Tooth-Ache Drops,

Which will give relief in all cases not incurable. Price 25 cents.

Nipple Salve,

A sovereign remedy in those distressing cases, where common applications prove ineffectual. Price 25 cents per box.

AN ORDINANCE,

For the regulation of the Powder House, and the safe keeping of Gun Powder within the compact part of the City of Hudson.

Passed the 9th day of January, 1808.

BE it ordained by the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of Hudson, in Common Council convened, That all gunpowder which now is, or hereafter may be brought into the compact part of this city, shall be deposited and kept in the powder house, (excepting the quantity of twenty-eight pounds, which may be kept by any one person at any one time, if secured from accident, in not less than two tin canisters) which powder in the said powder house shall be under the inspection and care of an overseer appointed by the common council, during their pleasure; and such overseer shall, before he enters upon the duties of his office, enter into a bond to the common council, with sufficient surety in the sum of two hundred and fifty dollars, conditioned for the faithful performance of his duty as overseer aforesaid.

And be it further ordained, That it shall be the duty of the said overseer to receive and deliver all gun-powder into and out of the said powder house which may be required of him at any time between the hours of 8 and 12 o'clock in the forenoon on Monday, Wednesday and Friday in every week, and that in all cases (unavoidable accidents excepted) he shall be deemed responsible for the powder committed to his care, and that all persons depositing any powder in the said powder house shall be deemed to have deposited the same, subject to the provisions of this or any future ordinance; and that as often as powder shall be received by him, he shall give a receipt for the same, and shall also once in every month cause all the gun powder in the said powder house to be well shaken and turned. And for any neglect or refusal in receiving or delivering gun-powder as herein required, and for every offence in exacting more fees than allowed by law, he shall forfeit and pay two dollars and fifty cents: and that for the services performed by him, he shall and may demand and receive at and after the rates following:

For every barrel of gun-powder,	50 cents,
For every half barrel,	37 1 2
For every quarter barrel,	20

And be it further ordained, That in case any person shall keep any greater quantity of gun-powder than allowed by this ordinance, unless deposited in the said powder house, he shall for every twenty-four hours it may be so unlawfully kept, forfeit and pay twenty-five dollars. And that the foregoing forfeitures shall be recovered before any justice of the peace within this city, with costs of suit, by the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen and Commonalty, for their use. And that this ordinance go into force and full effect from and after the 20th of this month.

By order of the Council,

E. Pratt, *Clerk.*

January 9, 1808. 2 3w

Proposals

Will be received, until the first day of February next, at the Clerk's Office in this city, for Renting the Ferry one year from the first day of March next. The Corporation will find a Scow put in good repair, and repair and keep in good order the Ferry Stairs. The person hiring the Ferry to find Boats, Oars, and all other necessary implements for keeping and attending the Ferry, according to the ordinance which now is, or may be passed for the better regulating and improving the same.

By order of the Council,

E. Pratt, *Clerk.*

Hudson, January 9, 1808. 2 3w

Samuel Wigton,

Has for Sale,

At his new Brick Store, in Front-Street, four doors south of the lower Market,

DRY GOODS, Groceries, Hard & Crockery Wares,

&c. &c.

Among them are the following:

DRY GOODS, Viz.

BROADCLOTHS, all qualities and colors
Kerseymeres
Coatings, plain and twilled
Buckskins
Horse Blankets
Swansdowns & printed Kerseymeres
Velvets of various kinds
Cordurоys, Thicksets
Vest-Patterns in variety
Jeans and Fustians
Nankeens, in variety
Flannels, Baizes, &c
Men's Hose, all qualities
Checks and Stripes
Bed-Ticking, cotton and linen
Hats, roram and felt
Bonestrings, various colors
Satins, Pelongs, Sarsnets
Red Broadcloths for cloaks
Chintzes & Calicoes
Muslins, all sorts and prices
Barrahs, Platillas, Humhums
Book Muslins and Book Handkerchiefs
Lawns, Laces, Edgings
Long Lawns, Cambrics
Linens, Camlets, Wildbores, Calimancoes
Durants, Russels, Moreens
Shalloons, Rattinets
Handkerchiefs, of all kinds
Shawls, do. silk and cotton
Gloves, leather, black and colored
Mitts, and habit do.
English, plain, striped and pic-nic Gloves & Mitts
French silk and habit do.
Linen and cotton Stripes
Silk & cotton Gloves and Mitts, men's and women's
Silk and cotton Umbrellas
Woollen, worsted, silk and cotton Stockings, assorted colors, plain and with clocks
Cotton Yarn, Sewing Silk
Threads, Tapes, Bindings
Leghorn, Dunstable and satin Bonnets
Wax, glass and amber Beads
Red & black Morocco Pocket-Books
Cotton and silk Suspenders
Ribbons, Pins, Needles
Thimbles,
Steel Knitting Pins, &c. &c. &c.

HARDWARE, Viz.

Bar-Iron, and English blistered Steel—Pots and Kettles—Bake-pans—Smoothing-irons—Locks—Knives and Forks, buckhorn handles, &c. of different kinds—Carving-knives and Steels—Razors—Pen-knives—Plane-irons, Chissels, Gouges, &c.—Shoemakers' Tools—Hones—Brass Cocks—Scissors—Plated, Silk and pearl Buttons—Spectacles—Pewter Platters, large and small; do. Basons and Porringers, do. do.; do. Plates and Teapots—Britannia Table and Tea-Spoons—Brass-headed Andirons—Shovels and Tongs—Candlesticks and Snuffers—Copper Tea-kettles—Japanned Waiters and Mugs—Cotton and Wool Cards—Holland Skates—Slates and Pencils—Best steel-plated saw-mill Saws; Cross-cut do.—Excellent Fowling Pieces—Pistols—Potash Kettles—Chaldrons—Stoves—Silver-plated Candlesticks; do. Salt-cellars—Brass Candlesticks—Best Britannia metal Tea-pots, &c. &c.

GROCERIES, Viz.

St. Croix Rum, of an excellent quality, per hhd bbl. or gal.—Jamaica Spirits—Wines, per qr. cask or less—Brandy, per pipe, bbl. &c.—Gin per do.—Cherry-Rum—Brown Sugar, per hhd. bbl. or qr.—Loaf and Lump do. per cwt. or less—Coffee & Chocolate—Salts, Black, Turks'-Island & blown—Indigo—Pepper, Alspice, Ginger, Nutmegs—Tobacco, plug, pigtail and paper—Scotch & Macoboy Snuff, best kind, wholesale or retail, cheaper than the New-York prices—Best English rag Powder—Patent Shot, all sizes—Bar Lead—Hard Soap—Bonnet Paper; Writing do.—Cotton-Wool—Holland Brushes; Whitewash do.—Bed Cords—Trace Rope—Redwood, Nicaragua do.—Copperas, Alum—Brimstone—Fire and spit-ball Blacking, &c. &c.

Crockery and China.

Wooden Ware,

Of the Shakers' manufacture, viz. Tubs; Half-bushel, &c. Measures; wire and splint Riddles and Sieves; Brooms; Pails, &c. Also, Ploughs, Rakes, Barrels, Kegs, &c.—Whips, Lashes, &c &c.

Shoes, Slippers, &c.

Of all kinds, for men and boys, ladies and children.

Plaster. Garden-Seeds. Flax-Seed. Red Clover-Seed. Hemp Seed.

Codfish, Pickled do. and Mackerel, by the bbl. or less.

A few barrels Liver Oil.

Bibles, Testaments, Spelling-Books &c. &c.

Take Notice.

S. WIGTON requests all to whom he is indebted to bring in their bills for payment—

AND ALSO,

All persons who are indebted to him are informed, that unless their accounts are settled by the 15th of October, they will be put into the hands of an attorney for collection.

Hudson, September, 1806. Itf

A few Kegs best

Virginia Tobacco,

For sale by

Samuel Wigton.

Hudson, July 10, 1807. 41

Eastern Bills taken.

The following bank bills will be received in payment for goods at the store of the subscriber, without discount, viz.

Of Pittsfield,
Northampton,
Hartford,
Middletown,
New London, and
New-Haven.

SAMUEL WIGTON.

Hudson, February 6, 1807. 19

New Store.

Andries Heermanse,

No. 80, Warren-Street,

Two doors above REUBEN FOLGER'S,

HAS JUST RECEIVED,

And now opening for sale, a very neat assortment of

DRY GOODS,

Groceries and Crockery,

Which he offers for sale on the most reasonable terms.

Hudson, July, 1807. 40

For Sale,

The Cargo of the Schooner Delight,

(Ezra Bourne master)

Consisting of

Rum, Sugar, Molasses, & Coffee.

10 Hhds. sweet-flavored Rum
65 Hhds. Sugar } first quality
200 Bbls. ditto }
10 Hhds. and 38 Bbls. Molasses
1000 wt. Coffee.

The above articles will be sold at the New-York prices, for Cash or approved Notes at 60 and 90 days

STORRS & GUNN.

Hudson, September 4, 1807. 49

Ripley & Center

Have for sale

The following GOODS,

The greater part of which are of their own importation, and will be sold, at WHOLESALE only, as low as can be had from New-York,

viz.

60 puncheons St. Croix Rum
30 do. W. Island do.
50 do. retailing Molasses
10 pipes 4th proof Coniac Brandy
5 do. do. Cette do.
8 do. real Holland Gin
20 qr. casks Sherry, } WINES.
25 do. Malaga, } of the 1st
20 pipes, hhds. and qr. casks h. p Madeira } quality.
14 hhds Muscovado Sugar
20 barrels do. do.
15 hhds. Lump Sugar
28 chests Hyson-skin Tea
15 do. Souchong do.
3 do. Bohea do.
20 kegs Ginger
10 bags Pimento
12 do. Pepper
30 kegs Tobacco
800 lbs Pigtail do.
1 ton Snuff
600 bushels Turks'-Island Salt.

ALSO,

A consignment of 60 pieces Broadcloths and Coatings, which will be sold very low, and on liberal terms.

Hudson, December 14, 1807. 64:f

New Goods.

Seth H. Noyes,

Has just received, in addition to his former assortment, a variety of

Fashionable and Seasonable

Dry Goods,

Which he offers for sale, on the most reasonable terms, by Wholesale.

No. 67, Warren-Street,
Hudson, July 16, 1807. } 42 tf

N. B. Merchants in the country will find it to their advantage to buy Goods in Hudson, if they can be purchased as low as they can be in New-York, as I am determined to sell on as good terms. All calls will be gratefully received, and all orders from the country will be punctually attended to.

S. H. Noyes.

Seth H. Noyes,

Has just received, by the latest arrivals from Europe, in addition to his former, a large and fahionable assortment of

Fall and Winter Goods,

Which he offers for sale at the lowest New-York prices, at his store, No. 67, corner of Warren and Second Streets.

Hudson, October 16, 1807. 55

Salt, Wine, Liver Oil, &c.

2000 bushels Cape de Verd Salt
800 do. Coarse Liverpool do.
20 qr. casks Teneriffe particular Wine
10 do. London particular Madeira of an excellent quality.
2 hhds. 4th proof W. I. Rum, and
20 barrels Liver Oil, of a superior quality.

For sale at the New-York prices, by

Thomas Jenkins & Son.

At their store north of the Ferry Stairs.

Hudson, Dec. 15, 1807. 64

A variety of Blanks

For sale at Croswel. & Frary's Bookstore.

300

SPLIT-STRAW & LEGHORN

Hats and Bonnets,

of the newest fashion,

Just received by the subscriber, at her store No. 82, Warren-Street, opposite Swart's [illegible] which she will sell cheaper than any [illegible] offered for sale in this city. Those who wish to purchase, will find their advantage in calling.

ALSO,

A great variety of other

Millinery and Dry Goods.

And an assortment of

Muffs and Tippets,

very cheap.

A. MULDON.

N. B. Mantuamaking done in the newest fashion.

☞ *Split-straw Bonnets* ALTERED

Hudson, June 19, 1807. 3[illegible]

Millinery and Fancy Goods

Miss Bourk,

No. 142, Warren-Street,

Has received, in addition to her former supply,

Ladies Elegant Beaver Bonnets,
Shag and Velvet do.
Leghorn and Split-straw do.
French Lustring,
Italian do.
Silk Velvets,
Tabby do.
Corded Muslin,
India Book Muslin,
British do.
Mulmul do.
Elegant Thread Laces
Laced Sleeves, Veils and Caps,
Lace and Fic Nett Gloves,
White Kid and Silk do.
Silk and Cotton Hose
Ribbons,
Cambric Dimity,
Common do.
Bombazetts,
Tortoise-shell Combs
Mock-Tortoise do.
Elegant assortment of Damask Shawls

Which, together with her former supply, makes a handsome assortment in the Millinery and Fancy Goods Line, and will be sold as usual, on the lowest terms.

Hudson, November 27, 1807. 61 tf

Mrs. Jeffords,

No 90, Warren-Street, Hudson,

(opposite Swart's City-Tavern)

Has received, in addition to her former supply of

Fancy Goods and Millinery

a very large and handsome assortment of

Straw Bonnets,

All which will be sold on the most reasonable terms.

Gowns and Pelices made, and Straw Bonnets made and altered in the best and most fashionable manner.

November 13, 1807.

Choice Drugs & Medicines

At the Sign of the Lion and Mortar

SAMUEL WHITE

Has just received an extensive supply of articles of

Medicine,

which he will sell as low as can be purchased of equal quality.

ALSO,

Fine Paints, Spices, Figs, Poland Starch &c &c

Hudson, December 18, 1807.